

High Heat-resistant Lithium-ion Capacitor



CAT.NO.NA002EN-4CH

JTEKT's Proprietary High Heat-resistant Lithium- ion Capacitor Patented Technology Offering the Highest Heat Resistance in the Industry

Wide operating temperature range from -40 to 85°C

The wider operating temperature range enables a lighter and more compact system without additional cooling system. Meets the needs of various industries.



Suited to fields where reliability is crucial

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The High Heat-resistant Lithium-ion Capacitor can be used for a vast variety of applications due to its wide operating

Tremendous output density and increased tolerance against heat generation during large current.

Offers high heat tolerance to avoid irreversible deterioration caused by Resistive heat generation^{*1} during large current. Maintains higher output density than other storage devices while significantly improving service life.

Comparison of energy storage devices

	Lithium-ion Battery	Electric Double Lay Capacito
Energy density ^{*2}	Ô	\bigtriangleup
Output density ⁻³	\bigtriangleup	0
Service life (number of charges/discharges)	Δ	0
Operating temperature range (°C)	-20 to 60	-40 to 7
Operating voltage (V)	3.6	0 to 2.

*1. Resistive heat generation: Heat generated when an electric current flows through a conductor

*2. Energy density: Electrical energy per unit of volume or mass

*3. Output density: Electrical energy able to be extracted in one second expressed per unit of volume or mass

temperature range and significantly longer service life when subjected to large current. Energy ation examples Rapid charging power supply Vind power em for sup Industrial equipment Automobiles/mobility ruction machiner nrid nower sunnly Electric power steering high-output Auxiliary equipment power supply nctional power supp n /emergency us Peak-cut nower sun



er	Lithium-ion Capacitor (conventional)	Lithium-ion Capacitor (JTEKT)
	0	0
	0	O
	0	O
0	-30 to 70	-40 to 85
7	2.2 to 3.8	2.2 to 3.8

Logistics equipment

Automated guided vehicles (AGV)

Supports the power supply needs various industrie



Highest heat resistance in the industry

Broader range of applications without any cooling.



Large current

Tolerates self-heat generation during large current charge/discharge

- and reduction of cooling space.

Performance change during hightemperature float charging (85°C, 3.8V) Stable performance at high temperature









Performance change during hightemperature float charging (65°C, 3.6V) Only slight performance change at 65°C and 3.6V





Performance change with repeated largecurrent charge/discharge Only slight performance change despite harsh largecurrent charge/discharge cycles

<Test conditions> 2000F 1 cell, maximum current 480 A (540 C), 5 sec/cycle, 25°C



Self-heat generation behavior during large current charge/discharge Excellent heat tolerance contributes to high output and downsizing of the system

<Test conditions> 500F 1 cell, maximum current 150 A (675 C), 45°C



Test video Stable operation also possible at 100°C by limiting operating voltage [Test overview] The High Heat-resistant Lithium-ion Capacitor was used as the power source of a toy racing machine, achieving stable current supply even in boiling water. View video here

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https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xWFlloBG4os

* IEC62813-2015: Specifies the electrical characteristics (capacitance, internal resistance, discharge accumulated electric energy, and voltage maintenance rate) test methods of lithium-ion capacitors for electric and electronic equipment.

 Shows excellent durability against deterioration caused by self-heat generation during large current charge/discharge. Achieves a compact system through elimination of cooling







Offers excellent low temperature performance

 Can be used in extremely low temperatures not previously possible. • Large electric current can be supplied stably.

Safety

High Safety Level

- · Passed strict safety test.

Performance change during repeated charge/discharge at -40°C Demonstrated stable performance in low temperatures

<Test conditions> 500F 1 cell, maximum current 20 A (90 C), 85 sec/cycle



Comparison of power waveforms when starting a 250 cc motorcycle at -40°C Large current output despite low temperatures



Test video

A stable supply of large current is possible as the electrolyte liquid does not freeze even at -40°C

[Test overview]

Cooling of energy storage device to -40°C. Conventional energy storage devices cannot start the engine, but JTEKT's product can.

View video here



https://youtu.be/fj37dA3a6LQ

* IEC62813-2015: Specifies the electrical characteristics (capacitance, internal resistance, discharge accumulated electric energy and voltage maintenance rate) test methods of lithium-ion capacitors for electric and electronic equipment.

Material composition that is difficult to ignite

Lithium-ion batteries use lithium metal oxide for the positive electrode, which can lead to thermal runaway and ignition when an internal short circuit occurs, however lithium-ion capacitors are safe energy storage devices that are not prone to thermal runaway and ignition due to activated carbon being used as the material for the positive electrode instead of lithium metal oxide.

What is thermal runaway?

An increase in temperature causes an overcurrent or facilitates a reaction, which further increases temperature and makes it uncontrollable



Nail penetration test

Excerpt

Nail penetration test performed according to GB/T31485-2015 No fire on Capacitor



No.





s of test results from China National Standard (GB/T31485-2015)								
	Required scope (specification scope)					st result		
	Hazard level/requirement							
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Test name	No change	Protective mechanism activation	Damage/breakage	Electrolyte leakage	Electrolyte vaporization (fuming)	Fire	Rupture	Explosion
Overcharging	<		0	\				
Short-circuit	<		Ó	>				
Heating	<		0	>				
Crushing	<				0			
Nail penetration	<				0			

Performance test data

Output characteristics and discharge curves at each temperature





Self-discharging property test







Test video

A stable supply of large current is possible as the electrolyte liquid does not freeze even at -40°C $\,$

[Test overview]

Electrolyte liquid was stored in the glass jars on the left and right, and cooled to -40°C.

The conventional electrolyte liquid (right) froze, however JTEKT's electrolyte liquid

(left) did not.

View video here



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hmLMzz8c8Ro

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Glossary

Current (A)	The number of electrons flowing per second
Voltage (V)	The difference in potential between two points
Watt (W)	Amount of electrical energy that can be output per second
Watt-hour (Wh)	Total electrical energy
Internal resistance (mΩ)	Resistance of power storage devices
C-rate (C)	A value that represents the ease of outputting power
Joule heat (J)	Heat generated when a current flows through a conductor
Primary battery	Batteries that can only be discharged (cannot be charged)
Secondary battery	Rechargeable batteries (can be used repeatedly)
Float charging	How to charge at a constant voltage
Power density (W/L, W/kg)	Power by unit volume or mass
Energy density (Wh/L, Wh/kg)	Electric energy by unit volume or mass



Product Lineup

Capacitor Cell





500F, 1000F (Each type)

<Legal compliance>

• United Nations Recommended Transport Test (UN3508)

• China National Standard (GB/T31485-2015)

Capacitor Cell Specifications

		Capacitance series				
		500F	1000F	1500F	2000F	
Operating voltage range	(V)	2.2 to 3.8				
Internal resistance	(mΩ)	4.0	2.0	1.4	1.0	
Operating	Operating voltage: 2.2 to 3.8V	After 1,000h 50% or less.	-40 tc float-charging test (85°C, Capacitance reduction rat	o 85°C 3.8V) Internal resistance in e: 20% or less.	ncrease rate:	
range Operating voltage: 2.2 to 3.6V		-40 to 100°C After 1,000h float-charging test (100°C, 3.6V) Internal resistance increase rate: 50% or less. Capacitance reduction rate: 20% or less.				
Energy capacity	(mAh)	222	444	666	888	
Ref.) Cell weight	(g)	80	160	240	320	
Ref.) Cell volume	(cm³)	55	97	135	188	
Ref.) Cell size Y	X(mm)	63	~	123	<i>←</i>	
	Y(mm)	111	~	←	<i>←</i>	
	t(mm)	7.0	13.3	9.1	13.3	

(*Complies with IEC62813-2015)







1500F, 2000F

Modules (for 2000F cell)



- A module with multiple cells combined and a balance circuit added
- Supports not only standard cell stacks, but also customized cell stacks
- (up to 36) specified by customers
- Compact specifications (low cost/lightweight) are also achieved

Plan to obtain UL810A

Module Specifications

		4 series	8 series	16 series	30 series	
Voltage range ^{*1}	(V)	8.8 to 15.2	17.6 to 30.4	35.2 to 60.8	66 to 114	
Synthetic electrostatic capacity	(F)	500	250	125	66	
Electric energy	(Wh)	11	21	43	80	
Mass	(kg)	5.7	7.6	11.5	18.0	
	D(mm)	173	239	370	602	
Size ^{*2}	W(mm)	222				
	H(mm)	172				

*1 The upper limit of the voltage range is displayed at the absolute maximum rating. *2 Size includes mounting bracket.

List of features

Information and communications	CAN/RS-485 commu
Cell monitoring	Enables monitoring of indi
Automatic voltage equalization	Enables cell voltage
Error detection	CAN communication/RS-4 and cell balance function e I/O (High/Low) overcharge
Other	Service plug: Optional; Po

Power supply unit



Power supply unit combining a High Heat-resistant Lithium-ion Capacitor cell with a balance circuit and a charge/discharge controller (complies with ISO26262) Please contact us regarding order-made products

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• Obtained JIS E4031 (Rolling Stock Equipment - Vibration And Shock Test standards) · Voltage and capacitance can be adjusted by connecting modules • Modules other than 2000F cell are also available

unication used to notify user of individual cell voltage

ividual cell voltage and temperature (module center/exterior)

equalization and inter-module voltage equalization

485 communication: Notification of overcharge state, overdischarge state, error

e state, overdischarge state, cell balance function error "High" output

wer supply: Internal and external options available



Global Network

https://www.jtekt.co.jp/e/company/global.html



Capacitor Inquiry Desk

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